

SUBSIDING EMERGENCY

LONDON, March 18, 2:40 p. m.—On the highest official authority the Associated Press is authorized to announce that the difficulty at Tien-Tsin between the Russians and British over the construction of a railway siding in territory claimed by both probably will be solved by the withdrawal of both the British and the Russian troops from the ground in dispute.

THE PREVIOUS SITUATION.

TIENTSIN, March 16, 1:48 p. m.—The situation here could not be more serious. The Chinese are enjoying the spectacle of Russian and British troops drawn in hostile array with the possibility of bloodshed at any minute. Yesterday the English railway authorities put men to work building a siding near the station. The Russians drove them off for trespassing on their new concession. The laborers, who were roughly handled, returned supported by several hundred British troops. The Russians responded by calling out their whole force and preparing for battle. Upon seeing this, the British desisted from their purpose of bringing back the laborers to work by force.

General Campbell, commanding the English, and General Wogack, commander of the Russian forces, had a conference and both sides agreed not to break the peace for twenty-four hours. Information regarding the situation has been cabled to London and St. Petersburg. Intense anxiety as to the outcome of affairs prevails here. The Russians are intrenching themselves in their concession.

NEW YORK, March 17.—We read in the cablegrams nowadays of "the Lion and the Bear" of England and Russia, confronting each other on the railroad "siding" at Tientsin.

The cable must have dropped an "S." The Russians have seized and are holding the main single track of the railroad and its many sidings at Tientsin.

Tientsin is not a terminus, but there are large freight yards, a network of tracks on the road, which, when I was there, extended only twenty-eight miles from Taku to Yangtsun. I have the idea that Russia bases her claim on the railroad on these facts—and if you consider them you will see where England had a claim on the road and where she seems to have relinquished it.

The English force reached Tientsin ahead of the Russians. When the Russians arrived they were better equipped for railroad building than the English and the latter turned the road over to them to repair. And they did repair it in a hurry all the way from Taku, and while the Russians were repairing it they had to defend it against small parties of Boxers, who attacked them every night, for the other allies had gone forward. The Boxers had fortified the line of the road with small forts made of stone, and of the rails they tore up, and they fought to hold every yard of it. The Russians fortified the road, too, and had outposts every three or four miles along it.

If the Russians hold the same position as when I was at Tientsin, they have fine fighting ground should it come to a clash with the British. The Russians were to the north of the railroad station encamped in acres and acres of graveyards. Some of the grave mounds were as high as an ordinary desk; some fifteen or twenty feet high. All would well protect troops in a battle.

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Statement of Some One in New York Quicker Than That of Someone in Honolulu.

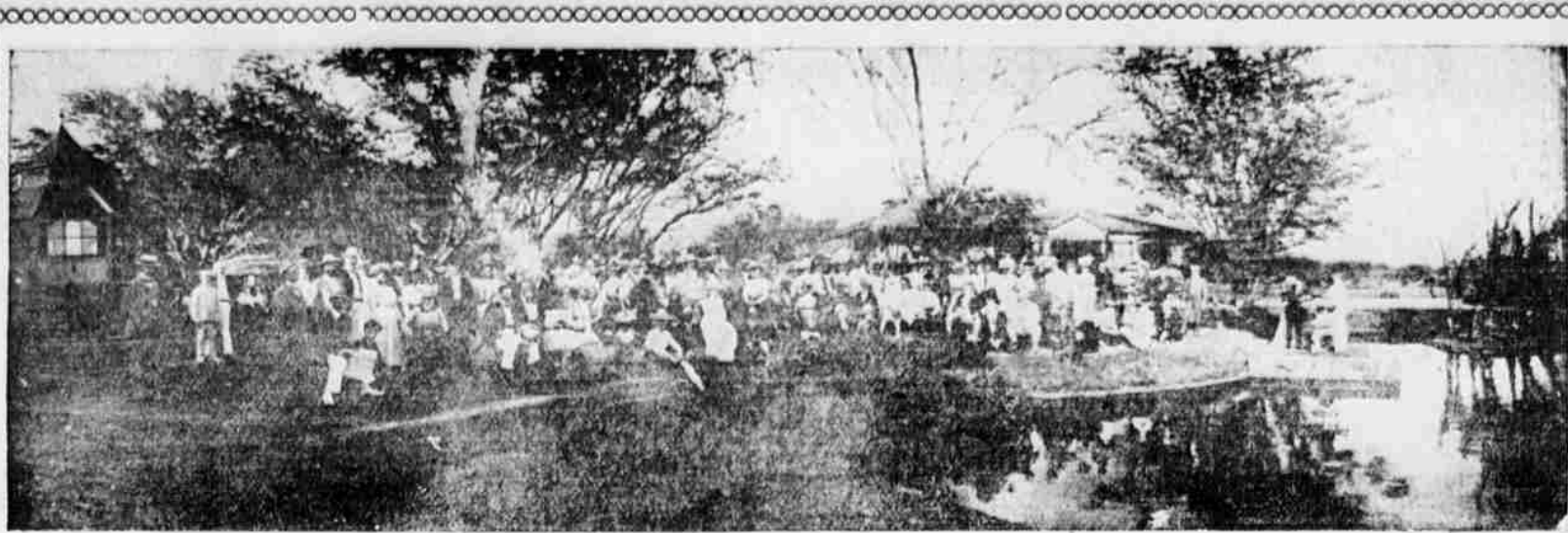
Supposing you had a bad back; that is one that was weak, lame or caused you hours of suffering? Sometimes you had headache, and you would feel worn out, listless and played out generally. In such condition what would you most desire? Relief and cure. So would we all and so you can if you will listen to the advice of your neighbors. You may have tried many things without success; perhaps you read of some one in New York who was cured of a similar affection and tried his remedy. The failure may have made you skeptical. What you want in way of proof is the statement of a citizen of your own town, someone you can inquire of how he found relief. Now, that's just the kind of proof we are going to give you here.

Mrs. N. Joseph lives at the corner of Liliha and King streets, this city. She states as follows: "I was troubled for seven months with a lame back, and also suffered from occasional attacks of chills. These various complaints made my condition by no means a happy one, so that I much desired some remedy which would bring relief. This I found in Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, some of which I obtained at the Hollister Drug Co.'s store. I am pleased to say that they gave me not merely temporary but permanent relief and I have not the least hesitancy therefore in recommending Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They are a good kidney medicine."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers at 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50. Mailed by the Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

WIRELESS LIMITATIONS

NEW YORK, March 18.—Ignorance Mary said, the inventor of wireless telegraphy, in an interview last night, announced that he had been an unsuccessful promoter of the wireless telegraph. He said that he would not say that it was impossible to flash signals to Mars, but that he would prefer to see it done before attempting to discuss the proposition.



SHRINERS AT MOANALUA.

(Photo by Dr. Bonine, Saladin Temple.)

PACIFYING THE PHILIPPINES

ROMBLON, Island of Romblon, March 17.—(By mail from Boac, Island of Marinduque, March 18.)—The question of attaching this island (Marinduque) to Tayabas, discussed by the American Philippine commission since their arrival here, has been decided in the negative. The sentiment of the people was wholly in favor of forming a separate province. A population of 50,000 was represented during the discussions, and the commission has met intelligent delegations from all the towns on the island.

There are three hundred insurgents still in the mountains of Marinduque, but otherwise the inhabitants are anxious for the pacification of the island and to accept American sovereignty. Judge Taft has announced Captain Randolph to be chairman of the various committees of natives formed to organize municipal law in the towns of Marinduque. Judge Taft has promised that the commission will return and organize the province of Marinduque.

Major Smith, commanding the American garrisons on this island, has issued an order requiring all natives to live in the five principal towns where American troops are stationed. Those natives who continue to live in the country will be considered insurgents.

A few insurgents have recently been killed or wounded near these towns and their supplies have been destroyed. The inhabitants of this island favor a drastic policy toward the insurgents.

The American Philippine commission will soon prepare a recommendation to President McKinley on the form and character of the civil government to be established in the archipelago. The matter has as yet received only formal consideration. This part will be the capital of the newly formed province, composed of adjacent islands. It is situated at the mouth of a deep valley and has a splendid harbor. The people are thrifty and prosperous and there are no insurgents here.

Major Evan M. Johnson, Jr., of the Twenty-ninth Volunteer Infantry will be Governor and Captain Albert S. Williams of the same regiment will be Treasurer of the new province.

WRECKED BY CHEMICALS.

CLEVELAND, O., March 18.—A terrible explosion of chemicals in the laboratory of the National Carbon Works early today partially wrecked the large brick building. Fire broke out immediately after the explosion, but was soon extinguished. Two men were caught under the debris. Both were rescued without serious injury. Loss, \$30,000, partially covered by insurance.

NEW TAX LAW.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 18.—Governor Odell has signed the bill passed by the Legislature imposing a tax of 1 per cent on surplus and undivided earnings of savings banks and 1 per cent on the gross receipts of domestic insurance companies and 1-10 of 1 per cent on foreign fire and marine companies. Fraternal and co-operative insurance companies are exempted from taxation.

EARL LI HUNG CHANG IS DYING AND NO ONE IS READY TO TAKE HIS PLACE

Old Chinese Viceroy is Nearing Life's Close.

Peking, March 17.—The health of Li Hung Chang is again a matter of grave consideration to the Ministers of the powers. Mr. Rockhill, the American special commissioner, who visited Earl Li yesterday, says he is a physical wreck and apparently in a state of utter collapse, although mentally as bright as ever. Mr. Rockhill would not be surprised to hear of his death at any moment. The removal of Li Hung Chang by death or any other cause at the present moment would be very unfortunate. M. de Giers, the Russian Minister, said today:

"Li Hung Chang is a great diplomat and his influence with the Chinese court is absolutely unique. No other man in China approaches him in this respect. The influence is not temporary, but it is particularly effective at important moments in the history of China like the present."

Senor de Ceballos, Spanish Minister and dean of the diplomatic corps, said: "The Chinese court could not appoint a plenipotentiary of the same caliber and having equal influence with the Chinese and the foreigners. Although many of the Ministers of the powers object to his political methods and regard him as a tyrant, nevertheless they realize that he is the best possible man to represent China in the present emergency."

BRITISH NAVAL DISCUSSION

NEW YORK, March 18.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

Last week, in the House of Commons, the military members had matters all their own way in discussing the estimates for the British army and in the case of General Colville. This week, however, the country's first line of defense will be the principal topic, and the naval experts will have a chance to air their opinions. Arnold Forster, as secretary of the admiralty, will make a statement explanatory of the navy estimates. His speech might be a very important one, considering the number of men and boys to be voted, a total of 118,625, as compared with 114,880 twelve months ago; and the sum of money required amounts to £20,875,500, showing a net increase of upward of £2,000,000. Mr. Forster is expected to make special reference to the question of Belleville boilers and Holland submarines. Over one million horsepower of Belleville boilers has been paid for or ordered by the Government, notwithstanding committee experts did not consider the Belleville had any such advantage over other types of water tube boilers as to lead them to recommend it as the best adapted for the requirements of the British navy. The case against the admiralty authorities is not that they adopted the boiler in its infancy, but that after its adoption, and when other and better types were obtainable, the Belleville was still adhered to.

With regard to the question of Holland submarines there cannot be any reasonable doubt. If the admiralty should be satisfied with promised experiments the country will be committed to an expenditure on the construction of a large number of these boats, especially for operation in the principal colonial harbors, many of which are in need of more adequate naval protection.

TROUBLE AT BUDA-PESTH.

BUDA-PESTH, March 18.—Serious disturbances have occurred here between the University officials and the students, in consequence of orders issued by the Minister of Instruction for the removal of all crosses from the lecture rooms of the University. In spite of this prohibition, when the rooms were opened this morning the professors discovered the students had gained entrance and nailed crosses to the walls. The officials commenced to remove the religious emblems but were hustled and insulted by the students. Some of the latter, however, supported the officials, and violent scenes ensued, and the lectures were suspended. The matter will be discussed in Parliament.

THE PORTUGUESE RIOTERS.

LONDON, March 18.—A dispatch received here from Lisbon says the prisoners, numbering about 200, captured recently in the conflicts with the authorities at Oporto and elsewhere, were removed this morning on board two war vessels in order to prevent attempts to rescue them.

NEGROES WANT TO LEAVE SOUTH

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Rev. Simon P. Drew, pastor of St. Stephen's Colored Baptist church in Astoria, has just returned from a trip through the South, made in the interest of his race.

"My investigations in the South," he said last night, "satisfied me that during the next month at least 20,000 colored people hope to leave the South and come North to accept easy positions at salaries ranging from \$30 to \$200 a month. The people do not know the conditions prevailing up here. They have been misled by glittering advertisements, promising big salaries in return for their services, but when they get here what will they find awaiting them? Why, in a city that is cold to the individual without money, and, if he is like these colored people would be, without friends as well, his case would indeed be a forlorn one."

"I must state that I am not opposed to the Southern negro coming North. On the contrary, I believe it would be a good thing for him, that is, if he has money to care for himself and family while establishing himself here. What I mean by this is that he must forget Southern customs and conditions and be thoroughly adapted to the customs and conditions of the North. While this change is taking place he must be able to aid himself from his own private resources. The negro without a fair amount of capital has no business as far away from his real home as the North is unless he is capable of maintaining himself independently for at least six months of regular employment. If he has a family he will need private resources to a greater extent."

KING EDWARD'S TITLES.

LONDON, March 18.—In the House of Commons today, William Redmond, Irish Nationalist, gave notice that he would take an early opportunity of informing King Edward that he had no earthly right to use the title of defender of the faith. The argument came up on Mr. Redmond's question as to whether the title would appear on the new coin, and, if so, what particular faith was meant. The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, replied that so long as the King's titles remained unaltered they would appear on the coins. Then Mr. Redmond protested and was called to order.

VISITING ROYALTIES.

COPENHAGEN, March 18.—Dowager Empress Alexandra of Russia will arrive here tomorrow and will remain until after the celebration of the eighty-third anniversary of the birth of her father, King Christian IX. The King and Queen of England were expected to be present at the celebration, but have postponed their visit until later in the year. King Christian will go to Wiesbaden in April. Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands and her consort are expected here shortly.

Minister Conger has sailed from Shanghai for home.

THE MYSTICS MAKE MERRY

THE punch was good, the dancing better, but the hospitality last night of the ladies of the Imperial Pilgrimage of the Order of Mystic Shrine of North America at the Moana hotel was the best of all. The reception and the dance which followed the formal function was one of the brilliant social successes of the season and the visiting ladies showed that as entertainers they were equal to all demands.

At 8 o'clock the guests began to arrive at the beach hotel and were received by Mrs. George P. Sinclair, who is at the head of the entertainment committee of the fairer sex. Mrs. Sinclair was a delightful hostess and, although unable to appear in the dancing hall later, fulfilled her part in the reception parlor. She was assisted by most of the ladies of the Pilgrimage, all dressed in superb gowns.

By 8:30 the rotunda of the hotel and the parlors were filled to overflowing with city guests and Shriners and at that time Noble L. E. Wood of Saladin Temple gave the signal to form for the grand march. The gay procession, in which the red fezzes were prominent, filed through the promenade parlors and into the dining room, which had been cleared for the dance. In a burst of music from a native orchestra the parade marched into the hall and later whirled away in an entrancing waltz.

Mrs. Warren presented Imperial Potentate Lou B. Winsor with a poi bowl and several native curios which were placed in his hands by the ladies of Aloha Temple for Mrs. Winsor, who was unable to accompany the caravan. Mrs. Warren made a pretty speech in behalf of the ladies of the party, which was gracefully responded to by the Imperial Potentate. Noble Winsor did not lack for words to express his feelings for the thoughtfulness of the ladies and made a speech which was one of the best of the Shrine's visit. His references to his home life and especially to the arrival of a new potentate just before he departed on this journey were quite apropos and he sat down amid a storm of applause and laughter.

More than 300 people were present. The ballroom was found to be the most perfect in Honolulu, airy and bright, and it received its christening amid flowing bumpers. Most of the visiting Shriners and ladies were present. Among the city guests were Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McCandless, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Crabbe, Judge and Mrs. Galbraith, Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. O. White, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Rothwell, Dr. and Mrs. Galbraith, Dr. and Mrs. C. B. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Whitney, Miss Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Lufkin, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Cross, Miss Andrews, Miss Hallie Peary, Miss Haug, Miss Farley, Miss Kate Vida, Bella Vaya, Miss Cornelia, Miss Murray, Messrs. B. Griggs Holt, R. C. A. Peterson, Dr. Peterson, Dr. High, F. E. Thompson, F. M. Brooks, L. C. Whitely, L. C. Ables and dozens of others.

Among the many Shriners photographed in Honolulu none appear amid more picturesque surroundings than those at the country residence of Hon. S. M. Damon at Moanalua last Saturday during the reception held there. The photograph is reproduced on this page.

Romance of Rio's Wreck.

The hero and heroine of a romance growing out of the wreck of the steamship Rio de Janeiro in San Francisco bay passed through Seattle recently. Miss Gabrielle Le Houron, whose life was saved by Captain Ward himself just before the steamship reached time, and went down, has become Miss Moury, and with her husband is now on the way to Dawson, where they will spend their honeymoon.

The first man to meet the beautiful French girl when the boat brought her from the scene of the wreck was Edward Moury, a rich Klondiker. He fell in love with the shipwrecked girl at first sight. After a short courtship the marriage took place in San Francisco.

A Narrow Escape.

While some muriatic acid was being unloaded from the bark Andrew Welch yesterday afternoon a couple of carboys dropped from a sling and smashed on the rail of the vessel. The contents fell upon the wharf. One of the seamen of the vessel was near the rail on the deck, at the time, and a quantity of the acid was splattered over him. He immediately jumped to the wharf and ran for the edge, pulling his clothes off as he went, and jumping into the water as soon as possible. He stood in the water some little time, and was then assisted ashore. His back was badly burned and his injuries, while not thought to be serious, are very painful.

SERMON ON MISSIONS.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The Rev. Dr. R. S. MacArthur's sermon at Calvary Baptist Church Sunday was on "Missions." He urged a more generous spirit of giving, both among the rich and the poor, and commented on Andrew Carnegie's big offer to New York city.

"Mr. Carnegie, in the generosity of his gifts," said Dr. MacArthur, "has started America, Europe and the world. He is certainly one of the most remarkable men in his acquisition and distribution of money the world has ever known. He has himself told me it required as much thought and effort to distribute money widely as to acquire it freely. His great gifts will stimulate other millionaires to maintain the pace he has already set. He is making heroic efforts to die poor. His act is a rebuke to many churchmen who profess a larger creed but whose list of good deeds is shorter. His act is also a rebuke to certain dangerous Socialists, whose words seem at times to disturb all our business and social relations. Thousands will rise up to honor the name of this noble Scotch-American."

There are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief and permanent cure. At any chemist's, 50 cents.



Hawaiian Gazette.

Entered at the Postoffice at Honolulu, H. T., Second-class Matter.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER G. SMITH, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

PER MONTH, DOMESTIC.....\$.50
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 PER YEAR, DOMESTIC.....5.00
 PER YEAR, FOREIGN.....6.00

—Payable invariably in Advance.

A. W. PEARSON,

Manager.

FRIDAY : : : : : MARCH 29

MR. SMITH'S MISSION.

When the Advertiser announced, in its Washington correspondence of a fortnight ago, that Jared Smith was soon to arrive as agent of the Department of Agriculture, it did not realize what a boon Jared was going to be. His program, however, as it appears in later dispatches, shows that Jared is the man we have all been yearning for and that as a theme for the cartoonists and the other sons of humor he will surpass any recent acquisition.

Having made up his mind that the people of Hawaii either get their milk from tins or from wild nanny goats, Mr. Smith will teach us the value of dairy cows. Doubtless he will bring along a cow as a sample, or at least a picture of one, with printed instructions about feeding and milking. He will also teach us how to grow garden truck and thus enable us to vary our habitual diet of coconuts and fish. We suggest that a general holiday be declared when Mr. Smith gets his lecture out and reveals radishes to the wondering gaze of this untutored race.

But we have not described the full extent of Mr. Smith's educational mission. He will introduce us to forage plants, and what is better, he will show Hawaiians "the value of poor families raising chickens and pigs." This will really be good of him; and if he keeps the fact in mind that poor families and other families are not permitted to raise pigs within the three-mile limit and that the price of feed for chickens is so high that fowls are too great a luxury for the poor to maintain in large flocks, he will do the Department of Agriculture credit. We anticipate his surprise, however, at finding pigs and chickens on the islands at all, his opinion evidently being that if specimens exist in such an out-of-the-way place they are merely kept as wigwag pets.

We regret that Mr. Smith has not been clothed with greater responsibilities. Besides needing to know how to raise vegetables and to differentiate cows from the more familiar octopuses, the people of Hawaii are anxious to be taught the value of clothing and of boarded houses. But perhaps some other civilized man will come to instruct our inquiring minds.

Representative Monsarrat made a very sweeping charge in the House of Representatives when he alleged collusion between the judiciary and executive branches of the Government and virtually claimed that the removal of the District Judge of Hamakua was due to the fact that an appointee of the High Sheriff's office could not work in harmony with the magistrate. Mr. Monsarrat is usually a calm, cool-headed legislator and it is to be regretted that he should attempt to decry Sheriff Lorin Andrews, one of the most efficient officers under the police department. Mr. Monsarrat showed his spite against Andrews, and as the matter will be taken up this morning, a lively time may be expected. Mr. Monsarrat was strongly supported by Mr. Emmelhuth, a fact which probably explains the political classifying of "Ind-Dem-Rep."

The Tientsin war cloud gathered and vanished in a few days. England and Russia are enemies at heart, but neither power wants to fight. Russia is restrained by her poverty; by the knowledge that, in case of war, Japan would occupy Korea and attack her Asiatic possessions, and by the Utopian dreams of the Czar. England, on account of her commerce and the hard knocks which a handful of Boer soldiers gave her military prestige and the fear of a general European war, is also inclined to compromise. For twenty years the two great powers have been on the edge of war but neither dared to cross the deadline. Perhaps the same conditions will exist for two decades to come.

It is not often that the presiding officer of a legislative body resigns his chair so that he may oppose and displace the leader of his own party on the floor, but the spectacle was presented by the President of the Hawaiian Senate yesterday. Tiring of Oily Bill White's dilatory ways, Dr. "Russell" left his high seat and hereafter will take up the oleaginous leader's duties and incidentally make things hum. "Russell" opinion that a native leader is not in it with a haole leader, even in a native majority, seems firmly grounded. With himself handling the Senate and Emmelhuth the House it looks as if the white man still had some show in Hawaii.

Senator Carter expressed his regrets yesterday in the Senate that appropriations and estimates had not been reported upon by the Senator from Lahaina, who is the chairman of the committee to which the appropriation bill was referred. Mr. Carter didn't realize that an extra session means \$200 in the pockets of the legislators and that the Organic Act makes it mandatory on the Governor to call an extra session in case the appropriation bill should not pass at the regular session. Senator White has never been known to turn up missing when there was \$200 in sight. He used to be worked at a cheaper figure than that.

And thereby hang several tales. One of them concerns the amount of money necessary to pay the expenses of the session and to provide a certain cash in the prosecuting witness's case which some Judge or other was not anxious to pay.

If Cuba should take up arms against the United States the Teller resolution would naturally cease to govern the attitude of the President and Congress toward the annexation of that island.

Mortimer L. Stevens, late of the Advertiser, has left Honolulu. His exit from the Paradise of the Pacific was not made by the steamer Centennial, as was reported, but is now believed to have been made by the bark Rosamond, and thereby hangs a tale.—The Morning Humphreys.

A bill to relieve all fathers of five children from taxation is one of the supreme efforts of Home Rule state-manship. If it becomes a law the business of farming children out and passing them around among the Hawaiian population would soon enlist the studious attention of promoters. A lively baby, in that event, might see a good deal of society.

President Russell is back on his dais and the buzzard of peace broods over the Home Rule camp. What induced the exiled Moujik to leave the floor to Oily William White is only known to those who possess the secrets of the Home Rule caucus. Perhaps, who knows?—Oily William promised to secure Russell that fat job of Government chemist under the Dispensary Act.

The House earned the thanks of the public by refusing to change its action towards the Tramways bill. That iniquitous measure remains on the table whence, presumably, it will find its way to the waste basket. There will be no mourners outside the stables and the free lunch cafe, for ninety-nine and nine-tenths per cent of Honolulu people are anxious to have the Tram disappear and its charter privileges with it.

It would be quite in order for a committee of tattooed persons who can spare the time from hunting sharks and wild goats, to assemble at the wharf and meet Jared Smith, the man who is coming from Washington to teach us civilized ways. Feather top-knots, spears, war drums, poisoned arrows and stone axes should be left at home, for if there is too great a display of savagery Jared may refuse to leave the ship and his sample cow may decline to give down milk. The tribes generally should keep away from the beach for the same reasons, whatever their curiosity may be to see Jared's live stock. We can assure the hillmen on Jared's behalf that, if he can be got ashore at all, his cow and hen will be exhibited for at least one moon in the main bazaar, at the low admission price of two shell nose rings.

YANKEE GUNS
MENACE MOORS

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The State Department is giving renewed attention to the settlement of the claims against the Government of Morocco. The claim of Marcus Ezagui, who was murdered at Fez in June last, has been adjusted by the payment of \$5,000, but there are other claims equally meritorious which have not been satisfactorily adjusted. Recently the State Department gave these consideration, all efforts on the part of Mr. Gummere, the Consul General at Tangier, to adjust them having proved ineffective.

Under these circumstances a special mission, following in this respect the practice of other events, may be determined upon. Instructions to this end today were sent to Mr. Gummere, as well as a further instruction to demand an apology for an apparent discourtesy on the part of the Grand Vizier and the Minister of Foreign Affairs in attempting to defeat the purpose of the State Department to dispatch a special mission to Morocco City.

The armored cruiser New York, with Admiral Rogers aboard, is rapidly nearing Gibraltar, with every prospect of reaching Tangier by the end of this week. She will take Mr. Gummere aboard and will convey him to Mazagan, where the Consul General will disembark and go overland to the Moorish capital. The New York will remain at Mazagan under his orders until some sort of settlement is reached and Mr. Gummere was today notified to this effect.

FORTY MILLIONS FOR GOULDS.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The boom in Missouri Pacific is the talk of Wall Street. Since the 1st of January the stock has steadily gone up from 71 till it reached the highest point today, 106. This rise in Missouri Pacific is looked upon as marvellous. It is the first time it has been above par since Jay Gould's death. It has remained at a low figure until the last two months. In the meantime other Gould securities have been forging ahead, and since the first of the year they have advanced to such an extent that the Goulds are now in the first rank of the richest families in America. At the time of Jay Gould's death his estate was estimated at \$75,000,000, and it is now believed that the rise in the Gould holdings will increase the fortune to \$115,000,000 or more.

PORTUGAL'S RELIGIOUS LIBERTY

LISBON, March 18.—King Carl-e, replying to a committee from Oporto, which waited upon him yesterday to demand a separation of religion and the state, said:

"Oporto can count upon me in these serious times. The freedom of religion and the state must be safeguarded by the adoption of prudent measures and application of laws which should control our conduct. I am a Liberal by principles, traditions, education and the teachings of my father. I will recommend this subject to the government, and will follow it with special attention. You can count on the government."

Word was received yesterday by Dr. S. E. Bishop over the wireless telegraph from Dr. Davidson of Lahaina that John A. Moore had died at the residence of P. W. Haystack. The deceased was at one time principal of Lahainaluna Seminary and an assistant Inspector of schools. Mr. Moore was a native of Alabama and served in the Confederate army during the Civil War as a major. He was about twenty years of age. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. E. D. Heaphy, who is at present in Europe, and Mrs. John S. Bishop of Astoria, Oregon.

DOGS OF WAR
ARE AT BAY

(Continued from Page 1.)

should cause the French troops, whose conduct has given much trouble, to precipitate a collision. The British commanders desire to have enough troops in Tientsin to preserve order in the streets.

General Bailloud left here this morning to inquire into the conduct of the French troops at Tientsin. At today's conference of foreign Ministers general matters only were discussed and no conclusion was arrived at.

TIENTSIN, March 26.—In addition to the Australians, experts from the lines of communication, are coming to be ready in case of necessity. The British are under arms to prevent the settlement being rushed, but they do not anticipate such extremes.

JAPANESE FLEET MOBILIZING. SHANGHAI, March 26.—A dispatch to the China Gazette from Tokyo, dated today, says that all the Russian warships in Japanese waters have sailed for Korea, and that the Japanese squadron is mobilizing for an immediate departure to the Korean coast.

MINISTERS STILL ARGUING.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Another communication was received today from Special Commissioner Rockhill touching the complications that have resulted at Peking from the effects of the various powers to reach a uniform basis for the indemnity claims, but there is nothing to indicate that an agreement is any nearer than it was when this subject was first taken up by the Ministers.

ALLIES MAY DECLARE A REGENCY.

LONDON, March 21.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Standard mentions a report that the allies, in the event of the failure of Emperor Kwang Hsu to return to Peking, intend to proclaim his brother, Prince Chun, as regent.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

YOKOHAMA, March 19.—The impeachment of the Ministry because of its action regarding the taxation bills failed today by a slender majority in the Lower House.

WHAT GERMANY EXPECTS.

BERLIN, March 26.—In German official circles it is asserted that British and Russian guards will meet with Russia in controversy at Tientsin, and that a satisfactory adjustment of the matter may be expected. The press does not consider the Tientsin incident vital. All the papers express a belief that Great Britain will yield. The Vossische Zeitung says that England cannot now afford to engage in a serious contest with Russia. The Kreuz Zeitung, which takes a similar view, adds: "It would be indeed deplorable if from a mere local controversy there should grow up serious differences, because that would induce the Chinese to show greater powers of resistance."

In an able weekly review, the Kreuz Zeitung mentions a series of Russian advances in the Far East, including the acquisition of territory at Hankow, by means of which Russia invaded the Yantse district, adding: "All this England has had to endure because the South African war paralyzes her aggressive powers."

The writer of the review asserts that Count von Bismarck, when complaining last Friday about the intrigues of private companies in China, meant particularly the Belgian syndicate which is now trying to secure the concession for the railway from Peking to Hankow. After expressing a hope that the Belgians will fail, because their success would be at the general expense, the writer says the powers who are able and willing to "squeeze this tiny jack-in-the-box into a corner."

Commenting upon President McKinley's proposal that the powers should demand joint damages from China, each of them taking a share in the same, the Berliner Tagblatt points out that Count von Bismarck speaking in the Reichstag March 15th, had already declared this to be the best method, adding that there exists consequently a complete agreement between the German and American points of view.

RUSSIA'S STAND.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 19.—Answering a question of the correspondent of the Associated Press, a competent official today said:

"It is not true that Russia has yielded to the representations of any of the powers and modified her demands respecting Manchuria. Russia has no reservations to be made. Every tentative attempt to address the Russian Government on the subject of our poor relations with China has been categorically declined. Russia is a great power, and has the right to hold negotiations with any other Government, and no other power has the right to interfere. Tentative made in a friendly spirit have received a friendly answer, but, plainly stated, Russia cannot receive inquiries regarding the above."

"Regarding the above purporters the result thereof will doubtless be made known later."

The informant of the correspondent of the Associated Press admitted that the power rebuffed was Great Britain. He was not willing to discuss details respecting Turkey, but he related that Russia abides by the august declaration and desires to safeguard the railroad and her 10,000-kilometer-long frontier.

The informant ridiculed the talk of a military conflict at Tientsin. He said: "There is a misunderstanding about certain laws which the English authorities pretend belong to the railway company. Russia has expressed her willingness to examine into the question. If the claim of ownership before the Russian occupation is established, that will end the discussion. If diplomacy is unable to settle the controversy, perhaps to the Hague tribunal, or to some other arbitrator. After English customs, Dr. Wet perhaps she will have to arrange for a military conflict in another quarter of the world. While he is promulgating around the British forces, it is hardly probable that England will seek trouble elsewhere."

GRIGORIO TO RETIRE.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—It is understood on high authority that the President has decided to appoint Mr. P. C. Knapp of Pittsburgh to fill the vacancy in his Cabinet that will be caused by the retirement of Attorney General Grigorio on April 1st.

A third entered the store of a Japanese on Asia Lane Monday night and was immediately seized by the police. He is now in the hands of the police, and the third or fourth could be traced.

COURT NEWS
OF THE DAY

(From Thursday's daily.)

The defendants in the case of the Hawaiian Tramways Company, Ltd., vs. Thomas S. Southwick, J. A. McCandless and F. J. Whelan, yesterday filed a demurrer to the complaint of plaintiff. The allegations of the demurrer are as follows:

"That the plaintiff has no legal capacity to sue.

"That it is alleged in plaintiff's complaint that the bond sued on is in favor of the Hawaiian Tramways Company, a corporation, while said complaint is signed by W. H. Pain.

"That there is a defective party-plaintiff.

"That the statement in said complaint that the said Hawaiian Tramways Company was damaged and suffered great pecuniary loss and damage, and the said pecuniary loss, damage and injury, including counsel fees, does not constitute a cause of action.

"That the item of \$59,600 enumerated in the bill of particulars attached to said complaint as an expenditure for 'work and labor and storage of materials incurred by reason of injunction suit' is insufficient as a matter of law to constitute a bill of particulars."

"That the complaint is ambiguous, unintelligible and uncertain."

COURT NOTES.

In the case of B. F. Dillingham vs. Wahiawa Sugar Company, Limited, motion was yesterday made that a date be set for hearing and notice given that the motion will be presented before the First Circuit Court on Friday, March 29, at 10 o'clock by Kinney, Ballou & McClanahan, attorneys for defendant.

George R. Carter was yesterday appointed trustee for the estate of Uwin Auld, in the place of Bruce Carrington, who has resigned. The Judge of the First Circuit Court signed the order of appointment, stipulating bonds of \$25,000.

The following notice was yesterday ordered posted by the United States District Court:

"Attorneys of this court shall not administer oaths or affirmations in any case or matter in this court wherein they appear as attorneys of record, under penalty of having the paper or pleadings so verified stricken from the files of this court."

F. W. Macfarlane and August Ahrens, guardians of the Richardson minors, filed a petition yesterday for discharge as to Ruth Richardson, who has attained her majority.

The case of Wong Kwai vs. Her Majesty Queen Liliuokalani, was heard yesterday in the Supreme Court, Hatch & Sullivan appearing for plaintiff and Robertson & Wilder for defendant. The case was submitted late in the afternoon.

In the case of Wah Pang, Sal Yick et al. vs. J. H. Raymond et al. defendants yesterday filed a demurrer naming the grounds that there is a defect or misjoinder of parties defendant, insufficiency of facts, ambiguity, unintelligibility and uncertainty. E. P. Dole represents the defendants.

Plaintiff in the case of George W. Macfarlane vs. Robert Catton, through his attorneys, Hatch & Sullivan, and Robertson & Wilder, yesterday filed a motion that the deposition of George W. Macfarlane be taken before the Judge of the First Circuit Court at a time and place to be fixed by the Court, and that said Robert Catton be notified by the court to appear at such time and place to put such interrogatories to, and take such part in the taking of the deposition of said George W. Macfarlane as he may think fit. Such motion is made because of the fact that said George W. Macfarlane is a witness whose testimony as wanted in said cause, and because, being a resident of San Francisco, he is now only temporarily within the jurisdiction of the court, and is about to depart for his said place of residence, not to return to the time for the trial of said cause.

Notice is given that said motion will be presented at 10 o'clock a. m. today. An inventory in the matter of the estate of Chang Tai, deceased, was yesterday filed by Chang San Fat, showing amount of property to be of the total value of \$2,352.918.

DREDGING ARRANGEMENTS.

Henry & Clark, who have practically secured the contract for dredging the entrance of Pearl Harbor, have filed with Superintendent of Public Works McCandless an application for the use of the Government dredger. The application was yesterday favorably considered by the Public Works office and arrangements have been made to allow the contractors the use of the dredger at a monthly rental, subject to a bond, the amount of which has not yet been agreed upon.

KUKUUA FIRST MATTER.

The Supreme Court held yesterday that the decision of the commissioner in the boundary case of Kukuua First was incomplete and ordered the case sent back to the commissioner for such other proceedings as may be necessary.

BOARD OF HEALTH DEMURS.

A demurrer and motion to quash the writ of certiorari thereto issued in the case of W. S. Noblitt vs. the Board of Health, were filed yesterday by the defendant by his attorneys, Neumann & Davis.

The motion to quash the writ is made on the following grounds:

"The action of the Board of Health of the Republic of Hawaii cannot be reversed by this court, the said Board having ceased to exist."

The act complained of was done by a ministerial officer, to wit, the Minister of the Republic of Hawaii, and said ministerial officer and the Republic of Hawaii have ceased to exist.

Certiorari will not lie against a ministerial officer, to wit, the Minister of the Interior, who did the alleged act complained of in the relator's petition, but is not joined as a party.

Writ of prohibition to issue this writ of certiorari.

West of jurisdiction and merits on the part of the relator.

The demurrer alleges that the petition of relator is insufficient in law and is bad in substance, and the writ should be dismissed, and reviews the substance of the motion to quash, and states that it is timely filed, and is not in the jurisdiction of the present Board of Health to give it, on the evidence introduced by action of the Minister of the

The Small
of the Back

That is where some people feel weak all the time.

They are likely to be despondent and it is not unusual to find them borrowing trouble as if they hadn't enough already.

The fact is their kidneys are weak, either naturally or because of sickness, exposure, worry or other influences.

"I am thankful to say," writes J. L. Campbell, of Sycamore, Ill., "that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured me. For many years I was troubled with backache. At times I was so bad I had to be helped from the bed or chair. I am now well and strong and free from pain." What this great medicine did for him it has done for others.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Begin treatment with Hood's today.

Interior of the Republic of Hawaii, and for the actions of such non-existent officer, the Board of Health claims it is not responsible.

J. F. Roza, administrator for the estate of T. F. Madeira, yesterday filed an inventory of the property of the deceased. The following items appear in the inventory:

"Two shares in the Hawaiian Investment Company, Limited, described in certificate No. 367. Par face value of said two shares, \$200.

"A promissory note for the sum of \$800, dated the 1st day of October, 1900, for the term of one year, bearing interest at the rate of 10 per cent and described by a mortgage of even date recorded in Liber 213, pages 264-265, in the Hawaiian Registry of Deeds.

"A lease of certain premises situated on Kinohiwa street, Honolulu, containing an area of about 5,000 square feet, on a cottage on the same, from one J. H. Brown, at a rental of \$30 per annum, which will expire on the 1st day of April, 1901; said lease containing the following covenant: 'The party of the second part (the lessee) is hereby entitled to a refusal of a new lease upon such terms and conditions which may be agreed upon at the expiration of this.' Value uncertain, as the lease has nearly expired."

Argument of counsel on the motion to quash the writ of certiorari issued against the Board of Health and the demurrer of defendant in the case of W. S. Noblitt vs. the Board of Health was heard yesterday by the Judge of the First Circuit Court at chambers. Both the motion and the demurrer were overruled and the return of the writ was then introduced.

Motion was made yesterday by the plaintiff in the case of W. F. C. Hasson vs. W. H. Pain, et al., moving that the court set a day for the hearing of the demurrers thereto filed in the case, and notice was given that at 10 o'clock this morning the motion would be presented.

The Supreme Court yesterday afternoon took up the case of the Rapid Transit Company against the Hawaiian Tramways Company. The case was partly argued and continued until this morning at 10 a. m. This is a case submitted by the Rapid Transit Company and the Hawaiian Tramway Company upon agreed statements of fact.

THE MINER CASE.

A joint stipulation was yesterday filed in the Supreme Court by Rose Miner and F. L. Miner, agreeing to submit the question of the reasonableness of the attorneys' fees allowed by the First Circuit Court in the case to the Supreme Court and to abide by the decision of said court in the matter. The stipulation was filed by Hatch & Sullivan and Cecil Brown and Magoon & Thompson, attorneys for plaintiff and defendant.

NATURALIZATION.

Hermann Bechert, a native of Germany, was yesterday admitted to citizenship by the United States District Court.

LIST FOR TODAY.

The cases to come up before the Judge of the First Circuit Court today are as follows:

Estate A. Manuel, accounts; Estate Christian Titcomb, accounts; Estate S. Kalakoll, administration; Estate Gerald J. Rocio, proof of will; Estate John Phillips, ruling on objections to master's report; In re B. P. Bishop Museum Trust, master's reports; Estate B. P. Bishop, master's reports; Estate J. C. Medeiros, petition for allowance to widow; Estate Souza, petition for allowance to widow; Estate J. K. Ka-hookano, master's report on final account; Guardianship W. A. Hall and Annie Hall, master's report; Guardianship Bul Bray, annual accounts; B. F. Dillingham vs. Wahiawa Sugar Co., motion to set aside for hearing; W. F. C. Hasson vs. W. H. Pain, motion to set demurrer.

The Federal Grand Jury will convene in the United States Court room one week from next Monday. Judge Estee's charge to the jury may not be read on that day owing to the fact that there may be several of the jurors not qualified as such.

CHARGED WITH COUNTERFEITING.

CHICAGO, March 18.—Henry Alexander and William Coughlan, who came here from San Francisco a few weeks ago, have been arrested on a charge of counterfeiting. Several hundred bogus silver dollars and a complete counterfeiting outfit were found in their rooms by the authorities.

When taken before United States Commissioner Humphreys today it is said both men made a confession and asked to be sentenced at once. They will be given a hearing next Thursday. The prisoners say the counterfeiting was done in San Francisco before they came here. Alexander said he worked as a hatter while on the coast, and that Coughlan is a bellmaker.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WILEY A. DICKEY.—Attorney at Law and Notary Public, P. O. Box 758, Honolulu, S. I. Phone and Bethel Sts.

BLACKFIELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HUSTACE.—Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 212 King St., Tel. 119. Family, plantation and ships' stores supplied on short notice. New goods by every steamer. Orders from the other islands faithfully executed.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS CO., Ltd.—Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts. Hollister & Co., Agents.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Manufacturers of every description made to order.

WILDER'S STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—Freight and passengers for all island ports.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Senator Kalaupokalani has a letter from Delegate Wilcox saying that the latter is on his way home.

The Independent Park pavilion has been moved up to the King street line, and will be partitioned off and rented for stores.

Joseph M. Lopez has filed suit for divorce against his wife, Evalina, in the district court. The wife is said to be in San Francisco at the present time.

Ex-Judge Gardner K. Wilder, of Hilo, has decided to locate for the practice of law in Honolulu. He will occupy the offices of the late William A. Henshall, on Kaahumanu street.

Manuel Raposa, a Portuguese, was tarred and feathered at Honolulu early this week by a number of indignant citizens. The trouble was caused by a serious offense against the moral code.

General Wade, who is now aboard the transport Maile, on route for Manila, will not be retired from the army on April 14, 1907. General Ludlow will be retired November 27 in the same year.

The schooner J. H. Bruce, from Newcastle for Kanae, was spoken by the steamer Claudine on Sunday. She was anchored off Molokai light. The captain of the Bruce had been unable to find Kanae, Captain Parker directed him.

There are indications of a coming great carnival of Elks in this city. The national lodge has more than received the local division with open arms, and intends to arrange a large delegation to these islands to properly install it. National officers are now in San Francisco, and will be here about the middle of next month. They will be royally received.

The Oahu Railway and Land Company has issued a handsome lithographed order of the customary railroad type. The fore-and-aft cover has a picture of the Oahu track passing over the barking sands of Makua. Inside are time tables and descriptive matter illustrated with characteristic island scenes. The folder is a souvenir, as well as a convenience.

Charles Thoms, a driver for the Maui Stables at Wailuku, was seriously hurt while attempting to jump on the platform of a moving car on the Kahului Railroad. He was dragged for nearly sixty feet before the engine was stopped. His left leg below the knee was torn and mangled, but his bones were not broken. He was taken to Mahulani Hospital and treated by Dr. Weddick.

Five sugar vessels arrived at San Francisco from these islands on the 17th instant. The quickest trip was made by the ship Falls of Clyde, which went from Hilo, in seventeen days. The Barkentine Benicia and the schooner Helene arrived from Honolulu, eighteen days from port to port. The brig Lurline was nineteen days, from Kahului, and the schooner Emma (Clanona) was twenty-three days from Mahukona.

The Leprous Candy Maker.

If there is any business especially suitable to the leper it is that of manufacturing candy. It is light work indoors and does not involve enough exertion to increase the victim's sufferings. Moreover it gives the leper considerable mental pleasure to contemplate the amount of joy he is imparting to the human race in the mixing of sweets. The candy business is a very pleasant trade for the leper, the Crier repeats, so why should the Board of Health hop onto poor Nicholas Cachelas, the leprosy Greek, and take his trade away from him? Hasn't a leper a right to make candy if he wants to? What a brutal act, for the Board of Health to bulldoze a sick man out of his job! This is a free America, the Crier believes, and all men (lepers included) are born free and equal—so what is there to prevent William Jennings Bryan and Carrie Nation engrafting the protection of leprosy candy-makers into their Democratic platform for 1904?—News-Letter.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Ernest A. Bigelow, attorney for Gustav A. Jahn & Co., has filed an appeal with the Board of United States General Appraisers against the levying of a countervailing duty on sugars imported from Russia. The firm filing the appeal on protest is one of the importers of sugar arriving on the ship Darlington about three weeks ago. In accordance with the expressed wish of the Secretary of the Treasury the board will hear the different arguments and render a decision at the earliest possible moment.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 20.—Serious riots occurred in St. Petersburg today on the occasion of a solemn mass in the Cathedral of Our Lady of Kazan for the repose of the soul of M. Bogoloff, the Minister of Public Instruction, who was shot and fatally wounded by Karpovich. The police fired their revolvers, and it is rumored that five students were killed and eighty others seriously or slightly injured. Wholesome crowds, including many women, followed the rioting.

MARSEILLE, France, March 20.—The situation here is very disquieting, owing to the increasingly aggressive attitude of the strikers. During the disorders today the public spread to the townpeople, and stores, restaurants and cafes were hurriedly closed. It was feared that the mob which was started by mounted police and soldiers, would attempt to pillage.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION. — Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes aimed off by unprincipled vendors. The words, "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and Clarke's World Famed Blood Mixture is blown in the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

Castle & Cooke, Ltd.
HONOLULU.
Commission Merchants.
SUGAR FACTORS.
—AGENTS FOR—
The Kwa Plantation Co.
The Wailua Agricultural Co., Ltd.
The Kohala Sugar Co.
The Waimea Sugar Mill Co.
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.
The Standard Oil Co.
The George W. Blake Steam Pump & Weston's Condensers.
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Boston.
The Aetna Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn.
The Alliance Assurance Co. of London.

WILL BOERS SURRENDER?

LONDON, March 17.—A special dispatch from Standerton says that the Boers are massing at a station on the Delagoa line and that the leaders are conferring daily at each station and at Pietersburg. Nothing has transpired except that the fate of the Boers who have surrendered is one of the subjects of discussion. The leaders are in communication on the subject of a general surrender with the Boer committee at Amsterdam. It is understood that the manufacture of ammunition is proceeding vigorously.

A special dispatch from Durban, Natal, says the Boer commanders are holding a meeting at Pietersburg in Northern Transvaal to discuss the advisability of a continuation of the war.

DEATH IN STORE FOR DEWET.

Whatever the result of the peace negotiations between General Kitchener and General Botha, it is tolerably certain that the rumors of the inclusion of General De Wet in any form of amnesty are not based on fact. General Kitchener's personal views of the Boer leaders are not known in Pieter Mall, but if the War Office is consulted the officials there would rather see De Wet killed in action than taken alive. One of the officials responsible for the direction of the affairs of the army said: "I cannot see how Kitchener can possibly accept De Wet's surrender. If he ever gets him he will be obliged to try him for his recent alleged murders of prisoners. I have no doubt that the verdict of either a military or a civil court would be death, and if such a verdict was carried out there would be a horrible howl on the continent and in America. And, indeed, one would be sorry to see such a brave fighter meet such an end. Therefore, we can only hope that De Wet will either be let out of the country or shot in battle."

TROOPS SAIL FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

Nearly 3,000 troops sailed from Southampton today for South Africa.

A dispatch from General Kitchener, dated Pretoria, March 16, announces that the notorious Abel Erasmus of Lydenburg has been brought in, with his family, by Colonel Parke's column.

A Rome special says: General Ponza di San Martino, Minister of War, replying to a question today, said there was no foundation for the statement that England had recruited men for the Transvaal in Italy. He added that the Italian workmen who had embarked at Antwerp sailed for Halifax.

From The Hague comes a special stating that Henri Rochefort is organizing a big lottery throughout Europe in aid of the Boers.

A Liffon (Cape Colony) special says: The Boers passed through here yesterday morning. They looted the stores, seized forage and burned what wheat they could not carry off.

PRETORIA, March 17.—The prospects of peace are still considered hopeful.

The Boer losses last month were 160 killed, 400 wounded and 1,000 captured and surrendered.

Owing to the heavy rains General French's transport difficulties are still enormous.

CAPE TOWN, March 17.—General DeWet's command has been broken up at Senekal, Orange River Colony.

A BRITISH LABOR PLAN.

LONDON, March 16.—John Burns, M. P., Thomas Burt, M. P., and other labor leaders are conferring in regard to the feasibility of the proposed federation of the employers' and employees' unions, to be known as the National Federation of Masters' Associations and Trade Unions, the object being to educate the minds of the employers and employees concerning the grave responsibilities which rest with them in respect to the expansion of British trade, to devise means to meet foreign competition, to send joint deputations of capital and labor abroad to inquire into the condition of other countries and to provide a federation where employers and employees may meet on the same plane.

John Locke, late Conservative candidate for Davenport, who is the leader in the movement, has opened headquarters in London and is receiving support from such widely differing men as the Duke of Northumberland, Robert Bence, president of the National Liberal Association, and others.

BATTLESHIP ALABAMA.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Secretary Long has received from the board of which Rear Admiral Evans is president a very flattering report on the performance of the battleship Alabama during her final trial last week in Florida Bay. Her mean draught was twenty-five feet three inches. The machinery worked satisfactorily, with the exception of the horsepower cylinder stuffing boxes, which leaked. The starboard feed heater was shut off on account of the leaks.

During the tests of the guns there was considerable trouble with the primers. All the guns, with the exception of four six-pounder rapid-fire Vickers were tried. There were no general revision of the common shell, with full charges of smokeless powder, one round at the extreme elevation, and one round at the level of extreme depression. The board recommends several changes and repairs, but, generally, everything is highly satisfactory.

ENGLISH LITERARY CRITICISM.

NEW YORK, March 17.—A cable to the Evening Post from London says: Professor Charlton Collins has set the literary world talking by a vigorous onslaught in his book "English Literary Criticism" upon what may be called criticism by advertisement. He says English literary criticism is rotten. Men who write bad books are, as a rule, men who criticize bad books, and not half a dozen reviews or newspaper articles are left which these critics are not to be criticised.

DEREFERADO ESCAPER.

WICHITA, Kans., March 16.—A dispatch received here states that Sol Tompkins, the desperado, has escaped from the Grand county, Oklahoma, jail, and before leaving the building destroyed and robbed the guards and took everything of value, including the keys of the jail. He was in jail for robbing the Black and Decker bank while they were sleeping his last evening and looking them in a derelict ship when they were started before being rescued.

LONG AUTOMOBILE TRIP.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 16.—The long automobile trip of the St. Louis Automobile Club, which started from St. Louis on March 10, has just returned to St. Louis after a tour of 10,000 miles.

YAKIMA, March 16.—

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GEN. WM. LUDLOW ON THE TRANSPORT MEADE



BRIGADIER GENERAL WILLIAM LUDLOW, accompanied by his wife and Lieutenant Halstead Dorsey, arrived here on the United States army transport Meade yesterday afternoon, en route to the Philippines. General Ludlow, who has lately been stationed at Washington as a member of the board appointed to consider regulations pertaining to the establishment of a war college for the army, received orders six weeks ago to proceed to the Philippines. With General Wade, who is also on the Meade, he will report to General MacArthur upon his arrival. The detail of Generals Wade and Ludlow to duty in the Philippines will enable the department to relieve two general officers on duty there and give them assignments in the United States.

General Ludlow has a distinguished military record. He entered the Military Academy in 1869 and was commissioned a lieutenant of engineers in 1874 as a record for time by Alexander Winter, who contested in the international race in Paris. The trip was planned by the Plain Dealer.

Two years ago Winter made the first long distance automobile tour in this country, when for the Plain Dealer he made a run from Cleveland to New York City, a distance of 267 miles, in forty-seven hours and thirty-four minutes, including a mishap on the way, causing a serious delay. The big trip just projected will begin about the 1st of May, and military documents will be carried by Winter from the department in New York.

JEALOUS OF HER DOG.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Mrs. Fanny Surdan Steele, a society woman of New York and Chicago, reputed to be worth \$2,000,000 in her own name, tonight explained why she was not at the deathbed of her second husband, Dr. Edward Bradley, who died in this city on Friday last. She says that she had the marriage quietly annulled on February 5th. Her aged husband, she declared, was the victim of the morphine and cocaine habits, and made her life miserable by his jealousy of her pet dog, Bradley, she declares, was penniless. She married him in Chicago last April. He took her to the Waldorf-Astoria, then to the Holland, and lived sumptuously. Her husband was wealthy, and she was surprised when the big hotel bills were presented to her for payment.

ARMY NURSE SUPERINTENDENT.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Secretary Root has appointed Mrs. Dita Hopkins Kinney of New York superintendent of the female nurse corps under the army reorganization act. Mrs. Kinney is a widow and graduated in 1892 from the training school for nurses connected with the Massachusetts General Hospital. She has been superintendent of the nurses in the Long Island Hospital at Boston and has been connected with hospitals in St. Paul, San Francisco and New Mexico. She was selected to be superintendent of the hospital that was proposed to be established at Nagasaki during the Chinese troubles.

MURDERED BY A MOB.

NASHVILLE, March 16.—A negro woman named Rallie Crutcheff, living near Rome, Smith County, was murdered about midnight. She was taken from her cabin and carried to the bridge over Round Lick Creek. Her hands having been tied behind her, she was shot through the head and her lifeless body was thrown into the creek. The coroner's jury returned a verdict that her death was caused by unknown parties. She was suspected of having a pocket book of \$100, which had been lost.

CAVALRY SQUADRON RECRUITED.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The commanding officer at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, reported to the War Department today that the first squadron of the Fourteenth Cavalry has been recruited to its maximum strength of 400 men, and that Troop E of the second squadron of that regiment is nearly full. Major J. N. McGinnis of the First Cavalry is in command of the newly recruited troops.

TARIFF AND ALERTNESS.

LONDON, March 18.—The Daily Mail, which makes a bid for tariff protection, declares editorially this morning that "the real causes of America's wonderful commercial success may be summed up in the words 'tariff and alertness'."

SECRETARY CUTTING'S WEDDING.

LONDON, March 18.—The marriage of W. Bayard Cutting, Jr., private secretary to Mr. Choate, the United States Ambassador, and Lady Sybil Marjorie Cuffe, youngest daughter of the Earl of Desart, will take place April 20.

RETURN OF THE PHILADELPHIA.

SAN DIEGO, March 18.—The cruiser Philadelphia arrived this afternoon, and was given her freedom again. The ship was anchored near the battleship Iowa, off Coronado Beach. On Monday she will come inside the bay to remain for some time.

"GOLDEN RULE" JONES INFORMED.

WELDON, Ohio, March 18.—The Democratic Ohio Convention today adopted a resolution endorsing Mayor Jones of Weldon, Ohio, for a third term. The vote was 100 to 0.

AGENTS FOR THE

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, Alliance Assurance Company of London, Alliance Marine and General Assurance Co., Ltd., of London, Scottish Union National Insurance Company of Edinburgh, William of Madrasburg General Insurance Co., Ltd., of Madras, and others.

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Impure Blood Down Again

Make it Pure, Rich, and Healthy. Impure blood takes the very life right out of one. You just drag around as your work, feeling wretched and disconsolate all the time. You are weak, discouraged, and have lost faith in medicine. Try just one thing more, for we are sure we can help you. Mr. C. Mundon-Cresdee, of Campbelltown, South Australia, sends us this letter, with his photograph:



"I was suffering from a very bad wound that would not heal. I thought it must be on account of my blood, so I tried

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

After taking only two bottles my wound thoroughly healed and I feel better than ever before in my life. Whenever I feel out of sorts, now, I take a few doses and am all right. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a wonderful medicine for impure blood and general debility."

If your liver is sluggish, you have a coated tongue, constipation, and you feel distressed, Ayer's Sarsaparilla will cure all liver troubles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

BURIAL OF HARRISON

INDIANAPOLIS, March 17.—In the center of a hollow-square composed of fully 15,000 of his fellow citizens, the remains of Benjamin Harrison were this afternoon interred in the family lot in Crown Hill cemetery. Close by the grave were the members of his family, President McKinley and other visitors of distinction and the more intimate friends of General Harrison. Back a distance of fifty yards, behind ropes guarded zealously by a large force of police, stood with uncovered heads the great multitudes who knew him not as well as did they who stood beside the freshly upturned earth, but who honored him and admired him fully as much.

It is doubtful if any public man, at least in this generation, was borne to his last resting place among so many manifestations of respect. There was no exception anywhere to the expressions that the nation had lost one of its ablest men, and the greatest man of his generation in his own state.

The services at the church and grave were simple in the extreme, all in most excellent taste and like the proceedings yesterday, there was an utter absence of friction in everything that was done. All was well ordered and well performed.

FRIEND TO FRIEND.

It is not so much what the newspapers say as what neighbor says to neighbor, or friend to friend, that has brought Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy into such general use. It is as natural for people to express their gratitude after using this remedy as it is for water to flow down hill. It is the one remedy that can always be depended upon, whether a baby be sick with cholera infantum or a man with cholera morbus. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. Have you a bottle of it in your home? For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., sole agents Hawaii Territory.

THE ELGIN

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING. Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered, the Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled and Solid Gold.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach you right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

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